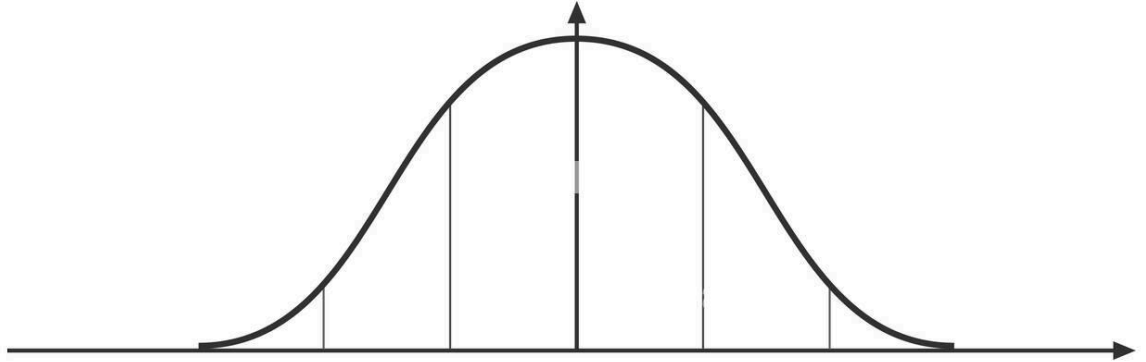


### Warm-up questions

1. Label the symmetric mound-shaped distribution with mean, standard deviation, and percentages in each tail.



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### Guided questions to develop Empirical Rule intuition

1. Draw a simple mound-shaped curve and mark the percentages in each tail
2. If we know approximately 68% of observations fall within one standard deviation of the mean, what percentage falls outside that interval?
3. How many observations fall outside of 95%?
4. How many observations fall outside of three standard deviations away from the mean?

### Guided numerical practice (use concrete numbers)

1. Let  $\mu=60$ ,  $\sigma=4$ . Compute numerically the 68% interval using the Empirical Rule.

## Empirical Rule Worksheet

2. With the same number, estimate the percent of observations greater than 68.
  
  3. With  $\mu=60$ ,  $\sigma=4$ , estimate percent less than 54.
  
  4. Multiple-choice quick check: If  $\mu=200$  and  $\sigma=25$ , which interval contains about 95% of data?
    - A. 175 to 225
    - B. 150 to 250
    - C. 125 to 275
- 

### Target problem — walkthrough and full solution

A tire company reports that the mean mileage before replacement for its all-season tires is 50 miles, with a standard deviation of 4 miles. Assume the distribution of tire lifespans is approximately mound-shaped and symmetric.

1. Use the Empirical Rule to determine an interval that contains approximately 95% of all tire lifespans.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
2. Use the Empirical Rule to estimate the proportion of tires that last shorter than 58 miles.